# Directed evolution of oxidoreductases using single-cell hydrogel capsules



Image: Martin Oeggerli

Michael A. Nash September 25, 2019 Catalysis Workshop Basel



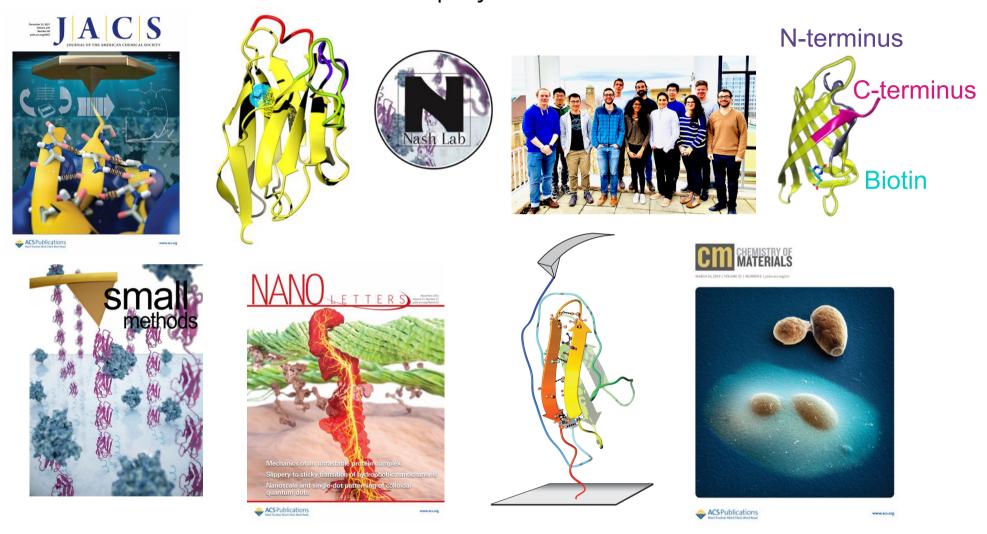


Department of Chemistry





## Nash Lab: molecular engineering and single-molecule biophysics



Biophysics, biotechnology, nanotechnology, bioengineering, protein engineering, directed evolution, artificial systems

### Acknowledgments



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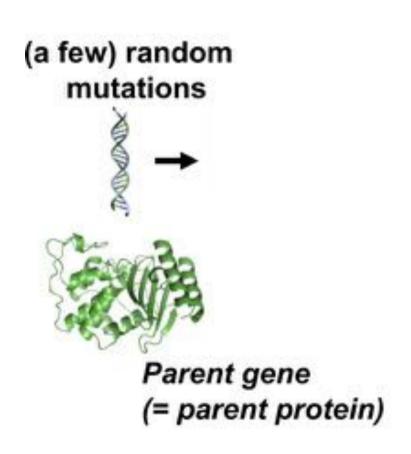


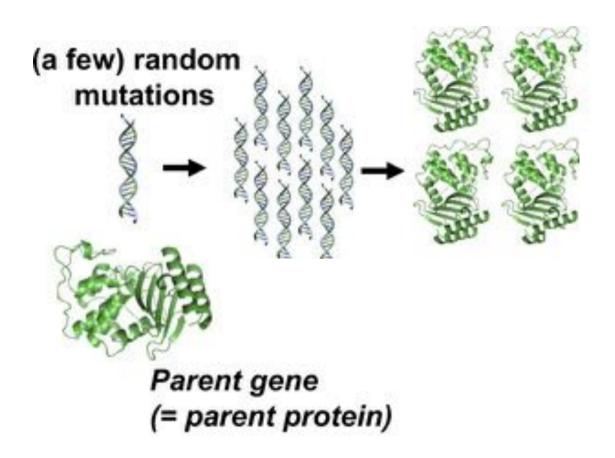


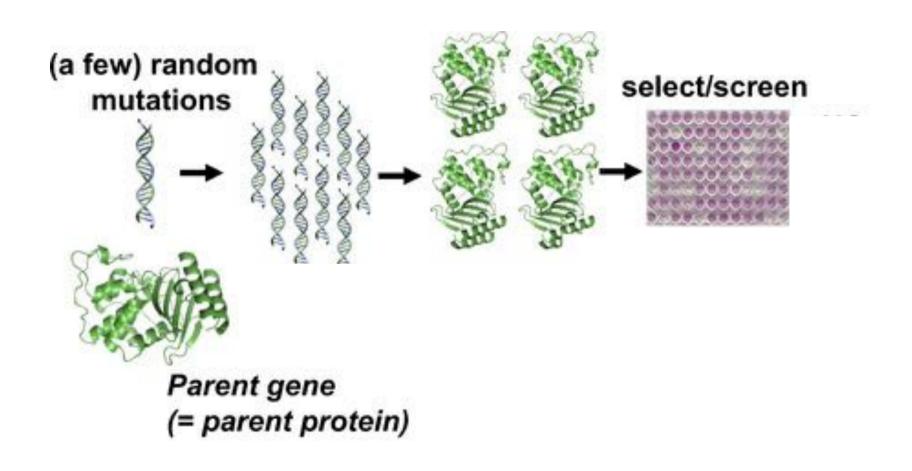


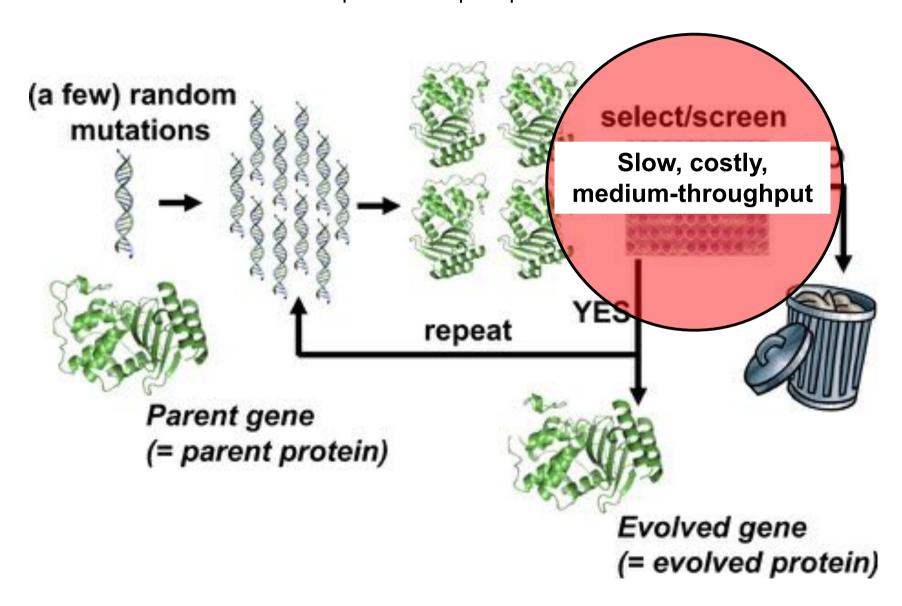




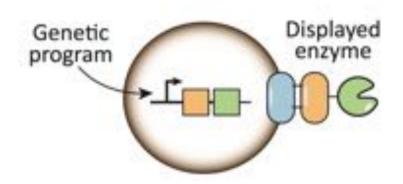






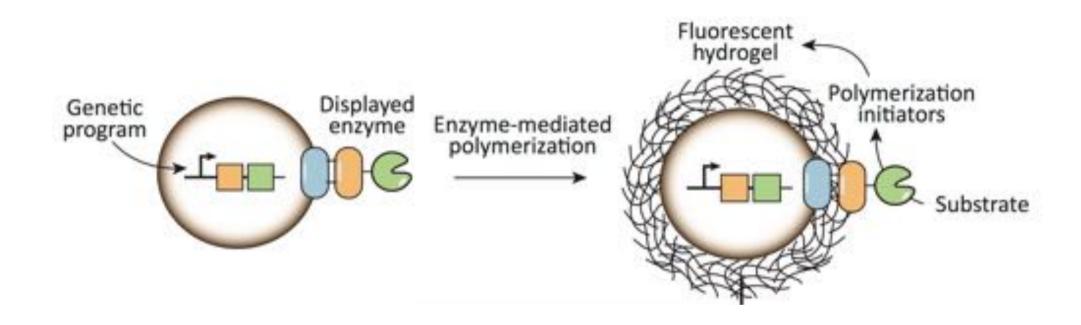


# Enzyme-mediated cell-gel encapsulation technology for ultrahigh throughput library screening

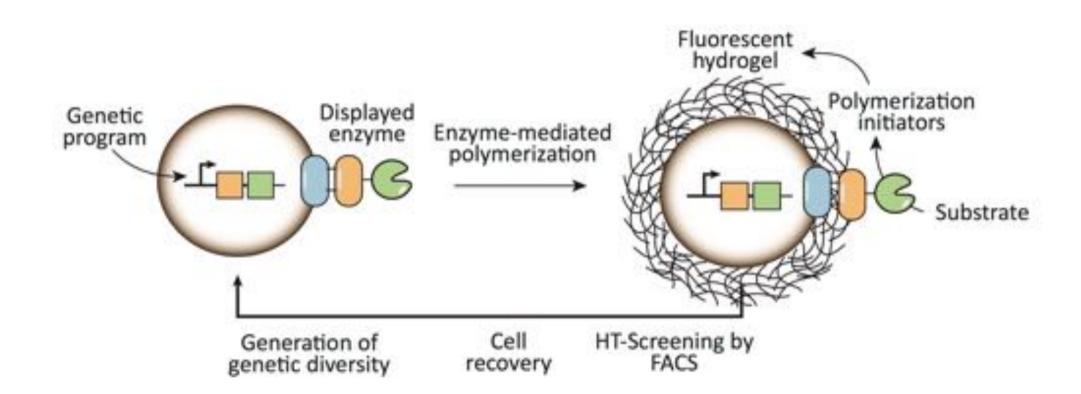


European priority patent application EP18184204

# Enzyme-mediated cell-gel encapsulation technology for ultrahigh throughput library screening



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European priority patent application EP18184204

# Peroxidase enzymes can initiate radical polymerization

- Heme-enzyme that catalyzes the reactions of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- Oxidizes a wide range of organic and inorganic substrates (promiscuous) according to:  $H_2O_2 + AH_2 \rightarrow 2 H_2O + A$

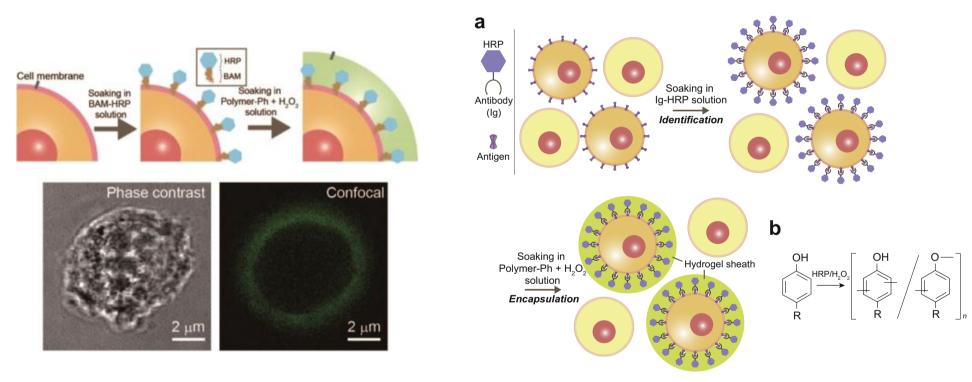
Structure of the porphyrin heme group in horseradish peroxidase.

OCH<sub>3</sub>
HO
$$K_2$$
 $K_2$ 
 $K_3$ 
 $K_3$ 
 $K_3$ 
 $K_4$ 
 $K_3$ 
 $K_4$ 
 $K_3$ 
 $K_4$ 
 $K_5$ 
 $K_6$ 
 $K_7$ 
 $K_8$ 
 $K_8$ 
 $K_8$ 
 $K_9$ 
 $K_9$ 

Catalytic cycle of horseradish peroxidase.

# Peroxidase-mediated cell encapsulation using bio-specific recognition

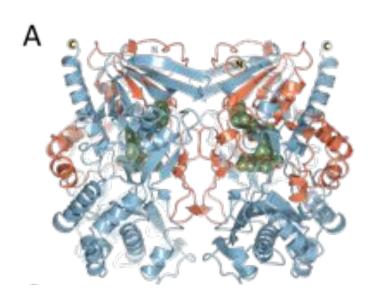
• Biospecific cell labelling followed by in situ hydrogel polymerization



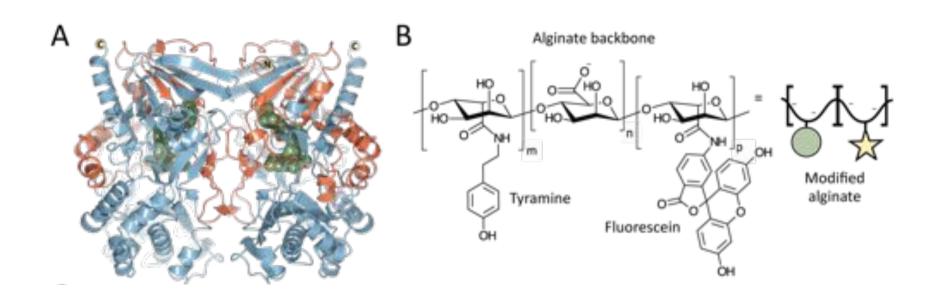
ACS Macro Lett., 3(10): 972-975, 2014.

Biomaterials 53, 494e501, 2015.

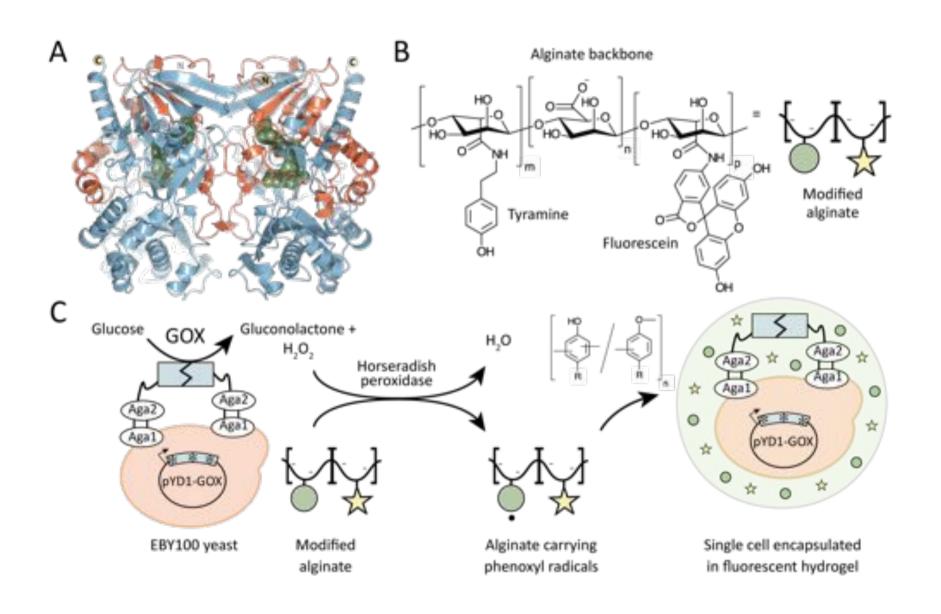
## Evolving GOX activity and stability using gelencapsulation system



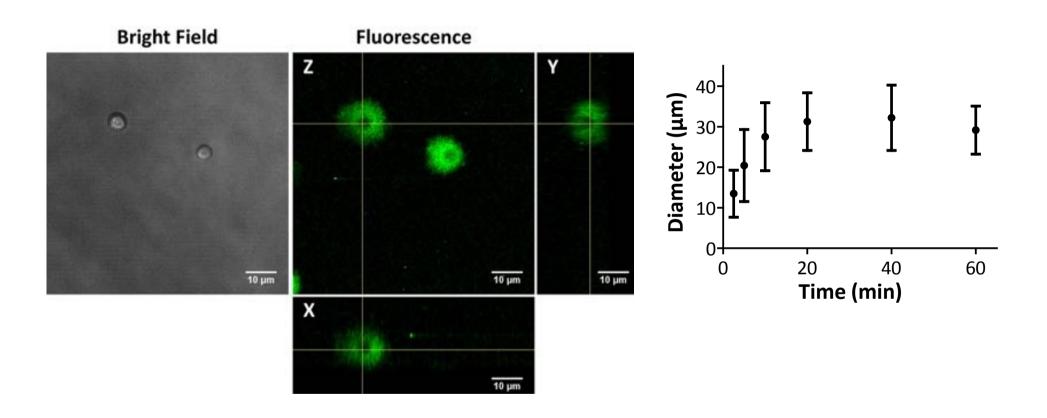
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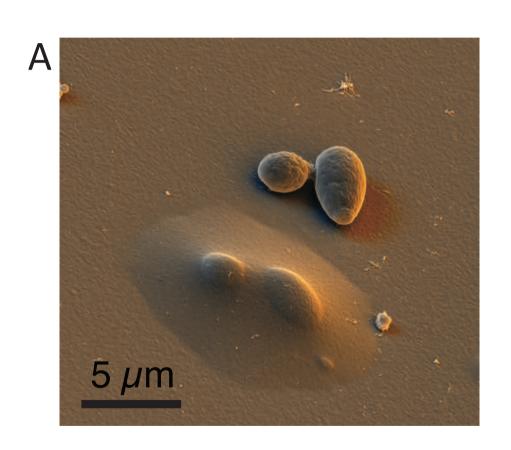


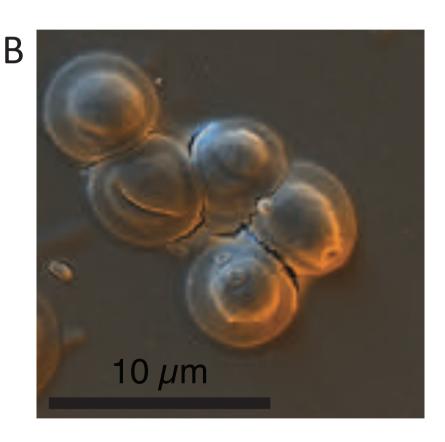
# Confocal microscopy shows singe cells encapsulated in conformal hydrogel



Hydrogel coating is conformal and uniform with diameter <30 μm (adequate for flow cytometry)

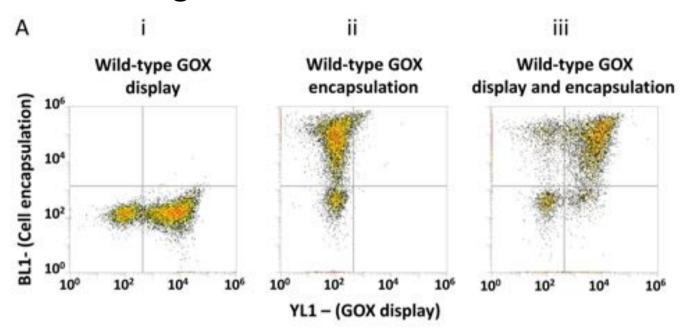
# SEM Imaging confirms single encapsulated yeast cells or budding yeasts





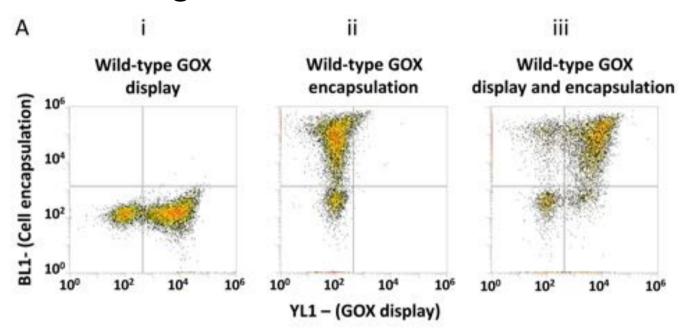
# Optimization of expression, encapsulation, and screening conditions

Co-localization of fluorescence signals for GOx display and hydrogel capsules.



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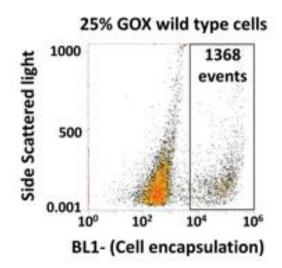
Co-localization of fluorescence signals for GOx display and hydrogel capsules.



Drop-in experiments of positive cells into large background confirms specificity.

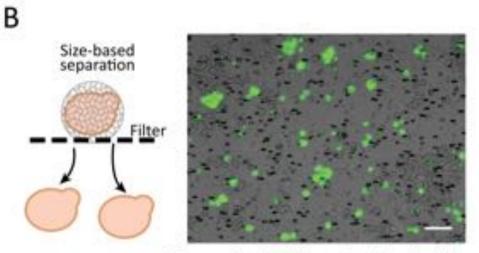
В

Yeast mixtures (Percent of GOX cells)	Encapsulated cells (out of 10'000)		
100%	5923		
75%	3980		
50%	2890		
25%	1368		
10%	463		
1%	65		
0%	15		

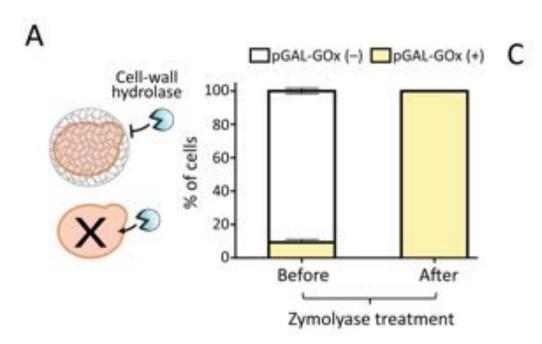


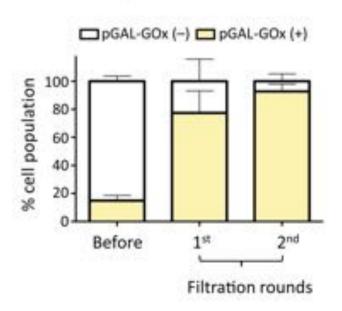
## Methods for isolating/enriching encapsulated cells

- Cell sorting/flow cytometry
- Cell survival under selective pressure
- Size-based filtration

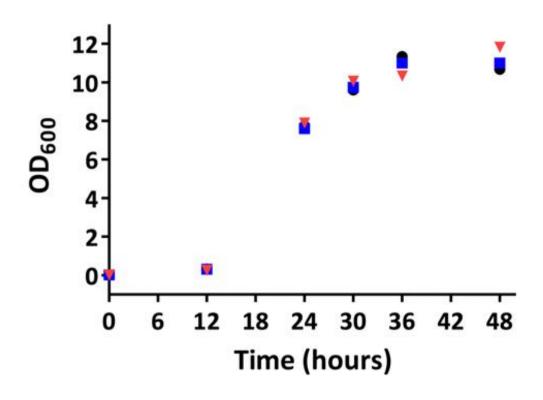


Encapsulated cells retained on the filter



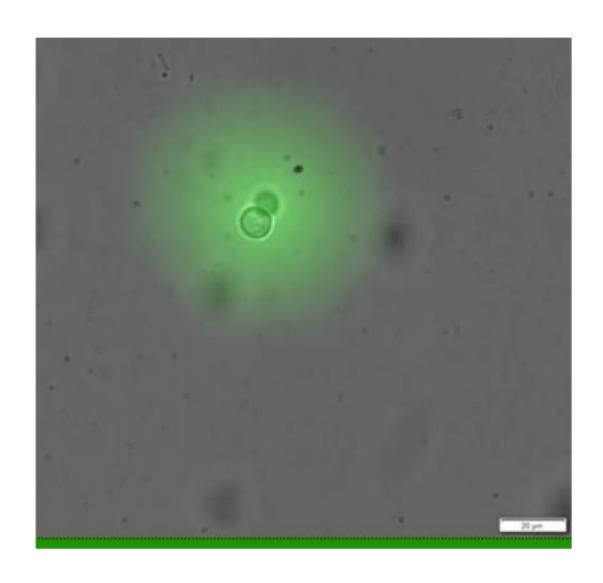


## Alginate shells do not inhibit cell growth



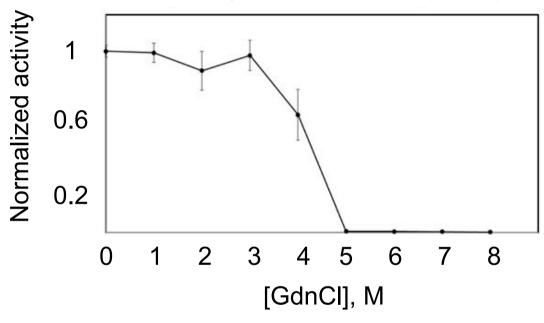
- Healthy EBY100 cells
- EBY100 (+) pGAL-GOx cells in reaction mixture lacking HRP
- ▼ EBY100 (+) pGAL-Gox encapsulated

# Cells easily divide after being encapsulated in the alginate capsules



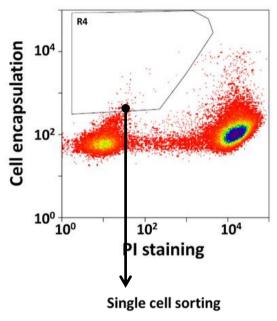
## GOx mutant library screening

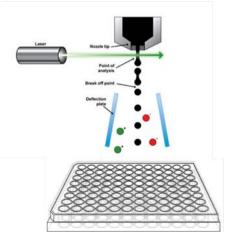
WT-GOx is inactive under selection pressure of 5M GdnCl



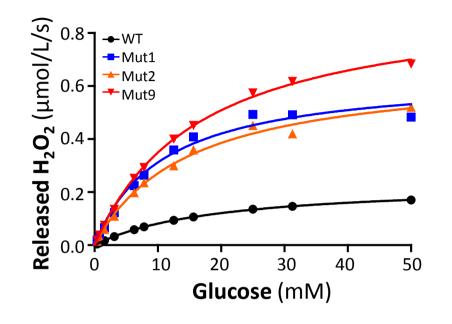
- Stress condition denatured WT-GOx but maintained partial cell viability
- Single-cell sorting of active mutants following stress condition provided new stabilized enzymes

PI staining reveals viable cell fraction

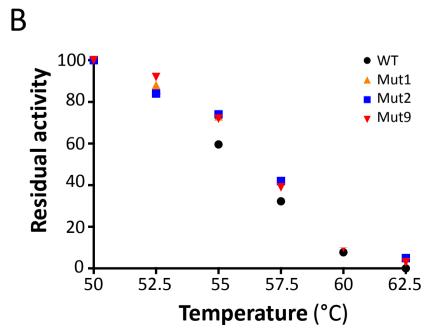




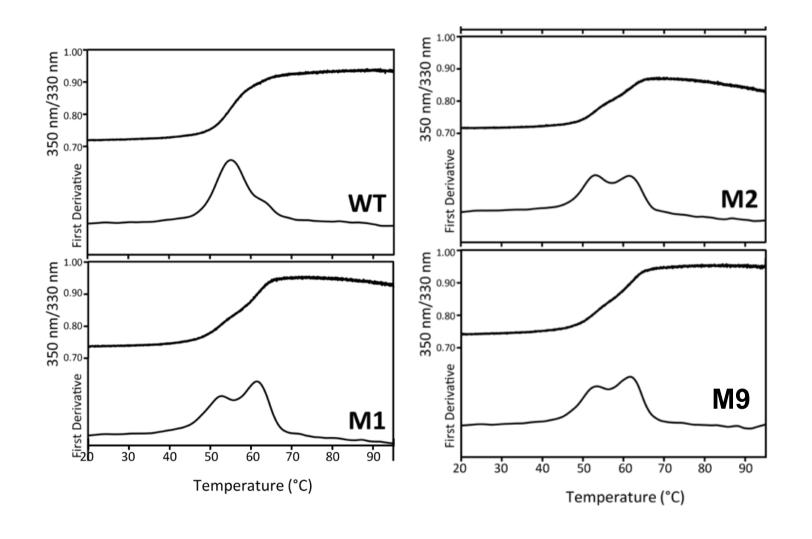
# Evolved GOx mutants have up to 4-fold faster $k_{cat}$ and are more thermostable



Sample	Mutation	Km (mM)	Kcat (s <sup>-1</sup> )	Kcat/Km (s <sup>-1</sup> ·mM <sup>-1</sup> )
Wt •	-	19.08 (±0.34)	99.64 (±0.83)	5.22
Mut 1	L9P	10.68 (±1.67)	272.30 (±15.94)	25.49
Mut 2 🔺	L13P-A16T	14.67 (±1.62)	281.80 (±13.02)	19.20
Mut 9 ▼	L13P	16.76 (±0.77)	394.30 (±7.99)	23.52



### Thermostability by differential scanning fluorescence



Higher temperature denaturation peak is more prominent for evolved mutants. Attributed to dimer form.

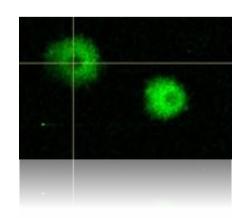
### Conclusions & outlook

#### Conclusions

- Enzyme screening is a major bottleneck in the development of biocatalysts.
- A new high throughput screening method based on genetically encoded localized hydrogel formation is under development which is faster, cheaper, and relevant for industry.
- Valid for screening of enzymes that produce H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

#### Outlook

- Other enzymes to evolve: catalase, dehydrogenase, other oxidoreductases,
- Applications of cell-gel encapsulation for mammalian cells (top down)



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